### FRANKLIN REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY

# (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

# Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

### June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	2 - 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	6
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	7 - 8
Statements of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10 - 22
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	23
Schedule of Authority Pension Contributions	23
Supplementary Information	
Computation of Operating Assistance From the Federal Transit Administration	24
Statements of Net Cost of Service	25
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards	26 - 27



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Advisory Board of the **FRANKLIN REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY** 12 Olive Street, Suite 1 Greenfield, MA 01301

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Franklin Regional Transit Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities Franklin Regional Transit Authority as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Franklin Regional Transit Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 5 and the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Contributions on page 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Franklin Regional Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 24 and 25 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 6, 2022, on our consideration of Franklin Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Franklin Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Franklin Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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September 6, 2022

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Franklin Regional Transit Authority's (the Authority) discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges) and identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget).

Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Management's Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Authority's net position increased \$4,805,723 from fiscal year 2021 primarily due to a net increase in investment in capital assets of \$4,760,628 (additions of new assets of \$5,694,647 less depreciation of \$934,019). The additions were funded with federal and state capital grants.
- Operating revenues decreased \$(3,216,842) or 92.2% from fiscal year 2021. The net decrease is attributable to a decrease in fixed route fare income of \$(7,187), an increase in demand response income of \$147,233, and a decrease in fully funded (Medicaid Brokerage) services of \$(3,356,888). As of July 2021, the Authority is no longer a contractor for the fully funded services.
- Operating expenses decreased \$(2,093,191) or 32.9% from fiscal year 2021. This was primarily due to a decrease in fully funded Medicaid Brokerage expenses of \$(3,024,423), an increase in fixed route expenses of \$367,381, an increase in Demand Response service of \$521,030, and an increase in salaries and administrative expenses of \$42,821.
- The Authority's operations are funded annually through a required computation of the net cost of service. Except for the establishment of a restricted reserve, the Authority's funding cannot exceed its net cost of service. However, a deficit can result if funding is not sufficient to cover expenses.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Authority is a component unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation formed for the purpose of carrying out business-type activities in western Massachusetts communities. The Authority's financial statements consist of three main statements: a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. Notes and supplementary information that disclose information about the nature of the Authority's business, accounting policies and additional information about specific statement amounts follow these statements.

The Authority's net position consists almost exclusively of its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, intermodal transit center, revenue vehicles and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide fixed route and demand response services to individuals within its service area; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Although the Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Authority currently has no capital lease obligations or capital debt. Net position also consists of a reserve for extraordinary expenses as allowed by Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 161B Section 6(q). Unfunded deficits, if any, are reported as unrestricted net position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position report the results of both operating and non-operating activities. The Statement of Cash Flows, which is presented using the direct method, accounts for the change in the cash and equivalents balance between July 1 and June 30. The cash flows statement provides the detail on the cash the Authority received from and paid for operating and non-operating activities, investing, and financing activities.

#### **Summary of Net Position**

	6/30/2022			6/30/2021		Change						
Total current assets	\$	4,380,648	\$	6,469,660	\$	(2,089,012)						
Property and equipment, net		22,344,740		17,584,112		4,760,628						
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		224,226		172,352		51,874						
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		26,949,614		24,226,124		2,723,490						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,336,599		3,369,106		(2,032,507)						
Note payable		1,100,000		1,100,000		-						
Unearned revenue		63,061		114,878		(51,817)						
Net pension liability		362,640		487,104		(124,464)						
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	_	323,357		196,802		126,555						
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,185,657		3,185,657		3,185,657		3,185,657		5,267,890		(2,082,233)
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		22,344,740		17,584,112		4,760,628						
Invested in capital funded inventory		40,384		46,797		(6,413)						
Restricted reserve		89,040		89,040		-						
Unrestricted		1,289,793	_	1,238,285		51,508						
Total net position	\$	23,763,957	\$	18,958,234	\$	4,805,723						

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Summary of Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

	6/30/2022		6/30/2021			Change
Total operating revenues	\$	270,826	\$	3,487,668	\$	(3,216,842)
Total operating expenses		4,277,207		6,370,398		(2,093,191)
Operating income (loss)		(4,006,381)		(2,882,730)		(1,123,651)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		4,056,164		2,883,123		1,173,041
Income (loss) before capital contributions and other items		49,783		393		49,390
Capital contributions		5,710,912		3,570,572		2,140,340
Nonreimbursable depreciation		(932,294)		(915,420)		(16,874)
Other nonreimbursable expenses		(22,678)	_	(15,090)		(7,588)
Change in net position		4,805,723		2,640,455		2,165,268
Net position, beginning		18,958,234	_	16,317,779	_	2,640,455
Net position, ending	\$	23,763,957	\$	18,958,234	\$	4,805,723

Operating revenues decreased \$(3,216,842) or 92.2% from fiscal year 2021. The details are as follows:

- <u>Fixed route income</u> decreased by \$(7,187) or 94.6% from fiscal year 2021 due to the suspended enforcement of fare collections as passengers boarded through the rear side door with reduced services brought about by the corona virus pandemic.
- <u>Demand response income</u> increased by \$147,233 or 142.7% from fiscal year 2021 due to farebox collections relating to the Access Program and grant funds from Metropolitan Area Planning Council.
- <u>Brokerage service income</u> decreased by \$(3,356,888) or 99.4% from fiscal year 2021. The Human Services Transportation contract was not awarded to the Authority (two RTAs are providing services for the entire state). Revenue received in fiscal year 2022 was to offset staffing costs and software support expenses relating to final billing and reporting for fiscal year 2021 activity.

Operating expenses decreased \$(2,093,191) or 32.9% from fiscal year 2021. The details are as follows:

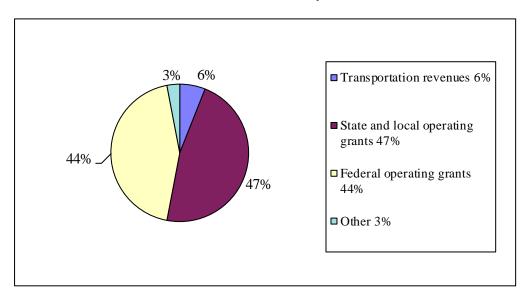
- <u>Fixed Route service expense</u> increased by \$367,381 or 28.6% from fiscal year 2021 as the Authority moves to return to full services which had been reduced due to the pandemic.
- <u>Demand response service expense</u> increased by \$521,030 or 43.6% from fiscal year 2021 with the continued increase in services being provided under a discretionary funds grant as part of the Authority's State Contract Assistance and the expenses relating to the Employment Transportation program. Other demand response categories showed increases as services come back online post pandemic.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- <u>Brokerage service expense</u> decreased by \$(3,024,423) or 99.7% from fiscal year 2021 due to the loss of the Human Service Transportation contract. The expense for fiscal year 2022 was for software support needed for final reporting.
- <u>Administrative salaries</u>, taxes and fringe benefits expense decreased by \$(61,148) or 10.8% from fiscal year 2021 due to unfilled staffing positions, a situation that continues to be evaluated.
- Other administrative expenses increased by \$103,969 or 35.3% from fiscal year 2021 due to an increase in equipment expenses total which included non-depreciable purchases paid for by RTA Capital.

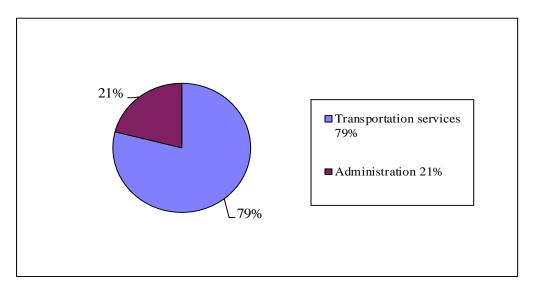
Total Operating and Non-operating Revenues of \$4,331,338 by Source



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Operating and Non-operating Expenses of \$4,281,555 by Source



**Budget vs. Actual** – an analysis of significant 2022 budget variances, including reasons for the variances is as follows:

- Fixed route income was \$(88,490) less than budget due to the suspended enforcement of fare collections and reduced services caused by corona virus concerns.
- Brokerage service income was \$20,000 more than budget due to the receipt of unbudgeted funds used to cover expenses involved in final billing and reporting relating to fiscal year 2021 activity.
- Fixed route expenses were \$(187,422) more than budget as services began to return to prepandemic levels.
- Demand response expenses were \$(28,493) more than budget due to additional services being provided under a Discretionary Funds grant (State Contract Assistance) and costs of the Employment Transportation program.
- Brokerage services expenses were \$(8,000) more than budget as it was necessary to purchase software support in order to provide final billing and reporting relating to fiscal year 2021 activity.

### FRANKLIN REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The Authority's purchase of capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$5,694,647. The Authority primarily acquires its capital assets under federal capital grants with state matching funds. The details on capital assets totaling \$22,344,740, net of accumulated depreciation, are disclosed in Note 5 of the financial statements. The purchase of capital assets includes:

	 Amount
Revenue vehicles	\$ 1,329,367
Equipment	268,413
ITC Center improvements	266,639
Construction in process - maintenance facility	 3,830,228
Total	\$ 5,694,647

#### Revenue Anticipation Notes

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Authority had a revenue anticipation note payable of \$1,100,000. This note provides cash flow until federal, state and local appropriations are received.

Subsequent to fiscal year end June 30, 2022, the Authority issued a new \$1,100,000 revenue anticipation note on August 5, 2022 maturing on August 4, 2023 at a rate of 3.10%. The Authority repaid the \$1,100,000 note due August 5, 2022.

#### Construction of Maintenance Facility

On December 17, 2021 the Authority entered into a contract agreement with B.W. Construction Co., Inc. out of Spencer, MA for the construction of the new Maintenance and Operations Facility and associated roadway improvements adjacent to the project site located on Sandy Lane in Turners Falls for \$10,303,365. Here are some project highlights of the construction progress through June 30, 2022:

#### January

- Project site was cleared and grubbed
- Erosion control and temporary fence set up

#### February

- Temporary electric established
- Job trailers delivered and set up
- NPDES submitted
- Coordination with utility company on energy rebates for project

#### March

- Removal of unsuitable soils
- Brought in structural fill in lifts
- Layout and excavate foundation for north end of facility

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### April

- Throughout April and beginning of May, General Contractor removed unsuitable fill and brought in structural fill in lifts.
- Foundation and footings started on north end of facility
- Pre-engineered building was delivered in April
- Fuel station excavation, slab, and electrical pipe work started at the end of April

#### May

- Foundation, footings and piers have been completed
- Bar joists, and decking have been delivered on site the first week of May
- Pellet silo pad poured week

#### June

- From the end of May through June, erection of steel and roof decking.
- Installation of wall panels began
- Started building siding
- Road work on Sandy Lane continued with installation of sewer line and water main.

Substantial completion of the project is scheduled for February 18, 2023.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

Funding for the Authority's net cost of service (non-capital expenses less all non-capital revenues except state contract assistance and member municipality assessments) is dependent primarily (up to 75%) on operating assistance from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The balance (at least 25% but no more than 50%) of the Authority's net cost of service is funded also in arrears (currently 2 years back) through assessments to member municipalities. These assessments may increase annually in the aggregate by no more than 2.5%, plus the members' share of any new services.

Local assessments continue to be funded in arrears (2 years behind). This contributes in large part to the Authority's borrowing needs.

#### **Future service / funding needs**

The Authority expects to receive adequate funding in fiscal year 2023 from State Contract Assistance and the Federal 5311 funds that are allocated among the rural RTAs by the Department of Transportation. The Authority will also continue to receive discretionary funding (via State Contract Assistance) in fiscal year 2023 which is supporting additional weekday and weekend services but may need additional funding for future years to maintain the current level of services if these discretionary funds are not continued. The Authority also has access to funds from the Federal Cares Act, under a contract with the Massachusetts Department of Transportation.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in late winter 2020, the Authority continues to experience a slow return in passenger traffic. While overall ridership was down 24.1% compared to fiscal year 2020 it was up 77.3% compared to fiscal year 2021. Overall Demand Response ridership has returned faster and has now out-performing pre-pandemic levels, partly due to the Access project and the pilot project for employment transportation. Demand Response ridership was up 45.7% compared to fiscal year 2020 and up 110.2% compared to fiscal year 2021. While making its own recovery, fixed route transportation, unfortunately, has been slower to recover due to several factors including remote work opportunities and both secondary and post-secondary schools started to return to in-person learning, during fiscal year 2022. As of May 2022, the Authority returned fixed route schedules to full pre-pandemic levels (with the exception of the Route 22 – which is being re-evaluated). Fixed Route ridership remains down 39.0% compared to fiscal year 2020, but was up 64.3% compared to fiscal year 2021. The Authority remains hopeful that ridership will continue to increase throughout fiscal year 2023 and beyond as life returns to normal. Staffing levels, both at the administrative level as well as with our demand response and fixed route contractors, struggled throughout the pandemic. Throughout fiscal year 2022, the focus has been on increasing staffing levels and returning back to full service levels.

Currently, the Authority is operating with an unfilled staff position and will be assessing needs going forward. The Human Services Transportation contract with the Authority was not renewed as the State consolidated these services under management of only two transit authorities. The services the Authority had been providing are now overseen by Montachusett Area Regional Transit. Therefore, staffing will be contingent upon activities relating to demand response and fixed route activity.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Franklin Regional Transit Authority, 12 Olive Street, Suite 1, Greenfield, MA 01301.

### STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

### June 30,

		2022		2021
Assets and deferred outflows of resources				
Current assets	Ф	1 220 277	ф	1 7 47 222
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,320,277	\$	1,747,332
Receivables		2,799,332 147,013		4,469,099 142,964
Inventory Prepaid expenses		39,026		35,265
Working capital held by fixed route operator		75,000		75,000
Total current assets		4,380,648		6,469,660
Property and equipment, net		22,344,740		17,584,112
Total assets		26,725,388		24,053,772
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		224,226		172,352
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		26,949,614		24,226,124
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources				
Accounts payable		1,325,863		3,345,058
Accrued vacation		7,275		11,224
Accrued interest		3,461		12,824
Unearned revenue		63,061		114,878
Note payable		1,100,000		1,100,000
Net pension liability		362,640		487,104
Total liabilities		2,862,300		5,071,088
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		323,357		196,802
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,185,657		5,267,890
Net position				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		22,344,740		17,584,112
Invested in capital funded inventory		40,384		46,797
Restricted		89,040		89,040
Unrestricted		1,289,793		1,238,285
Total net position	\$	23,763,957	\$	18,958,234

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance avorable
	Budget		Actual	ifavorable)
Operating revenues				· ·
Fixed route income	\$ 88,900	\$	410	\$ (88,490)
Demand response income	148,705		250,416	101,711
Brokerage service income	 		20,000	 20,000
Total operating revenues	 237,605		270,826	 33,221
Operating expenses				
Fixed route service	1,463,056		1,650,478	(187,422)
Demand response service	1,687,816		1,716,309	(28,493)
Brokerage service	-		8,000	(8,000)
Salaries, taxes and fringe benefits	655,700		503,896	151,804
Other administrative expenses	 310,385		398,524	 (88,139)
Total operating expenses	 4,116,957	-	4,277,207	 (160,250)
Operating income (loss)	 (3,879,352)		(4,006,381)	 (127,029)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Government operating assistance				
Federal	1,258,705		1,291,470	32,765
Federal CARES Act	586,346		601,593	15,247
Massachusetts	1,376,000		1,463,166	87,166
Member communities	508,841		520,680	11,839
Other federal and state assistance	45,760		45,760	-
Interest income	3,000		3,290	290
Advertising income	10,000		15,354	5,354
Rental income	100,000		118,286	18,286
Other income	2,700		913	(1,787)
Interest expense	 (12,000)		(4,348)	 7,652
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 3,879,352		4,056,164	 176,812
Income (loss) before capital contributions				
and other items	\$ 		49,783	\$ 49,783
Capital contributions			5,710,912	
Nonreimbursable depreciation			(932,294)	
Other nonreimbursable expenses			(22,678)	
Change in net position			4,805,723	
Net position, beginning			18,958,234	
Net position, ending		\$	23,763,957	

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance Favorable
	Budget		Actual	Infavorable)
Operating revenues	 			 <u> </u>
Fixed route income	\$ 88,900	\$	7,597	\$ (81,303)
Demand response income	103,705		103,183	(522)
Brokerage service income	 5,277,312		3,376,888	 (1,900,424)
Total operating revenues	 5,469,917		3,487,668	 (1,982,249)
Operating expenses				
Fixed route service	1,825,221		1,283,097	542,124
Demand response service	1,097,800		1,195,279	(97,479)
Brokerage service	4,965,000		3,032,423	1,932,577
Salaries, taxes and fringe benefits	651,700		565,044	86,656
Other administrative expenses	 317,535		294,555	 22,980
Total operating expenses	 8,857,256		6,370,398	 2,486,858
Operating income (loss)	 (3,387,339)		(2,882,730)	 504,609
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Government operating assistance				
Federal	1,258,705		631,109	(627,596)
Federal CARES Act	253,409		276,896	23,487
Massachusetts	1,228,760		1,300,235	71,475
Member communities	496,430		507,981	11,551
Other federal and state assistance	49,935		49,935	-
Interest income	4,700		1,780	(2,920)
Advertising income	10,000		16,073	6,073
Rental income	100,000		99,124	(876)
Other income	5,400		9,752	4,352
Interest expense	 (20,000)		(9,762)	 10,238
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 3,387,339		2,883,123	 (504,216)
Income (loss) before capital contributions				
and other items	\$ 		393	\$ 393
Capital contributions			3,570,572	
Nonreimbursable depreciation			(915,420)	
Other nonreimbursable expenses			(15,090)	
Change in net position			2,640,455	
Net position, beginning		_	16,317,779	
Net position, ending		\$	18,958,234	

#### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### For the Years Ended June 30,

	<u></u>	2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$	256,367	\$	3,484,179
Payments for goods and services		(3,648,342)		(5,559,171)
Payments to employees		(499,947)		(564,092)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(3,891,922)		(2,639,084)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Receipts of operating grants		3,975,771		3,327,296
Proceeds from issuing revenue anticipation note		1,100,000		1,100,000
Repayment of revenue anticipation note		(1,100,000)		(1,100,000)
Interest paid		(13,711)		(16,938)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		3,962,060		3,310,358
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Receipts of capital grants		7,055,182		374,289
Payments for capital acquisitions		(7,555,665)		(553,117)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(500,483)		(178,828)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest income		3,290		1,780
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		3,290		1,780
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents		(427,055)		494,226
Cash and equivalents, beginning		1,747,332		1,253,106
Cash and equivalents, ending	\$	1,320,277	\$	1,747,332
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(4,006,381)	\$	(2,882,730)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities: Reimbursable depreciation		1,725		1,725
Advertising income		15,354		16,073
Rental income		118,286		99,124
Other income		913		9,752
Other nonreimbursable expenses		(22,678)		(15,090)
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables		272,395		(3,328,939)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		12,216		3,650
(Increase) decrease in prepaids (Increase) decrease in working capital held by fixed route operator		(3,761)		(1,856) (10,000)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(174,442)		3,355,674
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(51,817)		114,878
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation		(3,949)		(952)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(49,783)		(393)
•			Φ.	
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(3,891,922)	<u>\$</u>	(2,639,084)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Franklin Regional Transit Authority (the Authority) operates under Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) Chapter 161B as a body politic and a corporate and political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority is a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. Massachusetts provides funding to the Authority. Its members consist of forty-one towns in Franklin, Hampshire, Hampden and Worcester counties. It has a general responsibility to develop, finance and contract for the operation of mass transportation facilities within its territory. It is authorized to improve, modify, or extend existing facilities and enter into agreements with other parties, including government agencies, municipalities, authorities, private transportation companies, railroads, corporations, and other concerns, providing for construction, operation and use by such other party of any mass transportation facility or equipment of the Authority.

The Authority's activities are managed by an administrator who is appointed by an Advisory Board which is made up of the chief elected officials or their appointees from the member communities. The Authority's operations are primarily funded through passenger fares, contractual reimbursements and operating subsidies from the federal and state government and member municipalities. In addition, the Authority receives capital grants from the federal and state government to finance acquisitions and improvements of facilities and equipment.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

An enterprise fund is used to account for the Authority, which is maintained on the accrual basis of accounting.

The Authority uses proprietary fund accounting which follows all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing transit services to the general public. The principal operating revenues consist of passenger fares and contract reimbursements for demand response transit services provided to agencies of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Operating expenses include the cost of transit services provided by third party vendors, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **Fund Net Position**

Fund net positions are classified as follows in the Authority's financial statements:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The portion of net position represented by capital assets less accumulated depreciation, less outstanding debt incurred by the Authority to buy or construct them. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide transportation services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since these capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **NOTE 1 - (Continued)**

#### Restricted

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. The Authority has a Restricted Reserve established for the purpose of meeting the cost of extraordinary expenses in accordance with Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 161b, Section 6(q). At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority's reserve balance was \$89,040.

#### Unrestricted

All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

#### **Funding and Revenue Recognition**

The Authority realizes revenue from a variety of different sources including but not limited to local assessment revenue, federal and state operating and capital assistance, fare revenue, and non-fare revenue such as advertising and rental income. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

Federal and state operating and capital assistance grants are recorded at the time eligible expenditures under the terms of the grants are incurred. Reimbursement under these grants is based on expenses incurred during the fiscal year and is subject to certain compliance regulations.

#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Administrator presents to the Advisory Board a proposed budget by May 1, each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. By June 1, each year, the budget is legally enacted by a vote of the Advisory Board.

#### **Capital Grants**

The Authority's capital assets are generally acquired with federal, state and local capital grants. These assets are owned by the Authority and included in property and equipment. Proceeds received from dispositions of these assets must be either refunded to the grantor agency or used to acquire new capital items. Capital grant revenues are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position as capital contributions.

#### **Cash and Equivalents**

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to bad debt expense and an adjustment to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. Changes in the valuation allowance have not been material to the financial statements.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory is stated at the lower of acquisition cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost and depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over three to forty year lives.

#### **NOTE 1 - (Continued)**

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 6, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **Concentration of Source of Supply of Labor**

The Authority signed a contract effective July 1, 2018 for its fixed route and some of its demand response transportation services with Franklin Transit Management, Inc. (FTM), a wholly-owned subsidiary of First Transit, Inc. The contract expires on June 30, 2028.

Approximately ninety percent (90%) of FTM's employees are members of the Local 274 United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America Union. FTM's labor agreement with the Union is effective through March 31, 2024.

### **Comparative Data**

Certain prior year amounts may have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the Authority. Deposits, including demand deposits, money markets and certificates of deposit in any one financial institution, may not exceed certain levels unless collateralized by the financial institution involved. Investments may be made in unconditionally guaranteed U.S. Government obligations having maturities of a year or less from the date of purchase, or through repurchase agreements with maturities of no greater than 90 days in which the underlying securities consist of such obligations. Other allowable investments include authorized bonds of all states, banker's acceptances, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications established by rating agencies, and units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk Related To Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The Authority carries deposits that are insured by FDIC or State depository insurance or collateralized. Bank deposits as of June 30, 2022 were \$2,483,822, all of which was insured.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

	 2022	2021
Federal		
Operating assistance	\$ 152,184	\$ 105,344
Operating assistance - Federal CARES Act	20,000	 100,000
Total Federal	 172,184	 205,344
Massachusetts		
Operating assistance	-	46,480
Capital assistance	1,860,365	3,204,635
Brokerage services	 135	 286,989
Total Massachusetts	 1,860,500	 3,538,104
Member communities		
Operating assistance for current year expenditures	520,680	507,981
Operating assistance for prior year expenditures	213,884	 200,045
Total member communities	 734,564	 708,026
Other receivables	 32,084	 17,625
Total receivables	\$ 2,799,332	\$ 4,469,099

The federal government under 49 USC Section 5311, provides for assistance of up to 50% of the Authority's operating deficit. In addition, under 49 USC Sections 5309, 5310 and 5311, the federal government may provide 80% to 100% of the cost of capital equipment.

During fiscal year 2020, the Authority received Federal CARES Act funding under Section 5311 to cover eligible operating expenses incurred beginning on or after January 20, 2020. The funding covers 100% of eligible expenses.

Massachusetts general laws require the operating assistance assessed upon member communities be at least 25% of net cost of service including new services. The local assessment can be increased by a maximum of 2.5% over the previous year's local assessment plus 25% of the cost of new service.

The Authority has a contract with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts under which the Commonwealth agrees to provide operating assistance for a portion of the operating deficit remaining after any federal grants and the local assistance have been applied.

#### NOTE 4 - WORKING CAPITAL HELD BY FIXED ROUTE OPERATOR

Franklin Transit Management, Inc. (FTM) is the fixed route operator for the Authority. They also operate a portion of the demand response service for the Authority. The assets and liabilities held by FTM are owned by the Authority and consist mainly of cash, inventory, prepaid expenses, and accounts payable and accrued wages. The value of these assets less liabilities held by FTM as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$75,000, and is reported as working capital in the Authority's financial statements.

### NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

		2022							
	Beginning			T	D			Ending	
Comital accepts mot being dominated		Balance	_	Increases		Decreases	_	Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated  Land	\$	527,170	\$	_	\$	_	\$	527,170	
Construction in process - maintenance facility	Ψ	3,624,590	Ψ	3,830,228	Ψ	-	Ψ	7,454,818	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,151,760		3,830,228	-	_		7,981,988	
•		.,		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				.,,,,,,,,,,	
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Revenue vehicles		4,805,610		1,329,367		-		6,134,977	
Support vehicles Computer software and equipment		259,932 2,026,965		268,413		-		259,932 2,295,378	
ITC Center		15,410,855		266,639		-		15,677,494	
Leasehold improvements		5,029		-		_		5,029	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		22,508,391		1,864,419		_		24,372,810	
• •	-								
Less accumulated depreciation		2.006.542		250 450				2 (44 002	
Revenue vehicles		3,286,543		358,450		-		3,644,993	
Support vehicles Computer software and equipment		257,434 1,699,459		2,497 104,434		-		259,931 1,803,893	
ITC Center		3,827,770		468,442		-		4,296,212	
Leasehold improvements		4,833		196		_		5,029	
Total accumulated depreciation		9,076,039		934,019		_		10,010,058	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		13,432,352		930,400				14,362,752	
• •	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		_		
Capital assets, net	\$	17,584,112	\$	4,760,628	\$	-	\$	22,344,740	
				20	21				
	I	Beginning		20	)21			Ending	
		Beginning Balance		20 Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated				_		Decreases	_	_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land		Balance 402,170	\$	Increases 125,000		Decreases	\$	_	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Balance 402,170 686,002	\$	Increases 125,000 2,938,588	1	Decreases -	\$	Balance	
Land		Balance 402,170	\$	Increases 125,000	1	Decreases -	\$	Balance 527,170	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated		Balance 402,170 686,002	\$	Increases 125,000 2,938,588	1	Decreases	\$	527,170 3,624,590	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility		402,170 686,002 1,088,172	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588	1	Decreases (262,213)	\$	527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated		Balance 402,170 686,002	\$	Increases 125,000 2,938,588	1	- - -	\$ 	527,170 3,624,590	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511	1	- - -	\$	527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384	1	- - -	\$	527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894	1	(262,213)	\$ 	527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961	\$ 	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511	1	- - -	\$	527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894	1	(262,213)	\$	527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029	\$ 	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029 22,272,815	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894 - 497,789	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029 22,508,391	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029 22,272,815 3,233,460 247,443 1,578,213	\$ 	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894 - 497,789 315,296 9,991 121,246	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029 22,508,391 3,286,543 257,434 1,699,459	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029 22,272,815 3,233,460 247,443 1,578,213 3,357,493	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894 - 497,789 315,296 9,991 121,246 470,277	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029 22,508,391 3,286,543 257,434 1,699,459 3,827,770	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029 22,272,815 3,233,460 247,443 1,578,213 3,357,493 4,498	\$ 	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 204,511 16,894 497,789 315,296 9,991 121,246 470,277 335	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029 22,508,391 3,286,543 257,434 1,699,459 3,827,770 4,833	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029 22,272,815 3,233,460 247,443 1,578,213 3,357,493	\$	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 - 204,511 16,894 - 497,789 315,296 9,991 121,246 470,277	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029 22,508,391 3,286,543 257,434 1,699,459 3,827,770	
Land Construction in process - maintenance facility Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements Total capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation Revenue vehicles Support vehicles Computer software and equipment ITC Center Leasehold improvements		402,170 686,002 1,088,172 4,791,439 259,932 1,822,454 15,393,961 5,029 22,272,815 3,233,460 247,443 1,578,213 3,357,493 4,498	\$ 	125,000 2,938,588 3,063,588 276,384 204,511 16,894 497,789 315,296 9,991 121,246 470,277 335	1	(262,213)		527,170 3,624,590 4,151,760 4,805,610 259,932 2,026,965 15,410,855 5,029 22,508,391 3,286,543 257,434 1,699,459 3,827,770 4,833	

#### NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

The Authority is subsidized by local assessments received from its Member communities for its annual "Net Cost of Service". The Authority is also subsidized by the Federal government. These subsidies are funded subsequent to the year in which the costs are incurred. Therefore, the Authority issues revenue anticipation notes to cover cash flow deficiencies until funding is received.

Revenue anticipation notes consisted of the following for the year ended June 30:

	 2022	 2021	
0.35% Revenue anticipation note, due August 5, 2022	\$ 1,100,000	\$ -	
1.25% Revenue anticipation note, due August 6, 2021	 <u>-</u>	 1,100,000	
Total	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	

On August 5, 2022, the Authority issued a \$1,100,000 revenue anticipation note maturing on August 4, 2023 at a rate of 3.10%. The Authority repaid the \$1,100,000 note due August 5, 2022.

The Commonwealth is required pursuant to Section 10 of Chapter 161B of the Massachusetts General Laws to pay to the Authority amounts duly certified by the Administrator as necessary to pay the principal and interest on these notes if sufficient funds are not otherwise available; the obligation of the Commonwealth to pay such amounts to the Authority is a general obligation of the Commonwealth and the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth is pledged to make such payments.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

					2022	2				
	Invested in capital assets, net of debt		Invested in Capital Funded Inventory		Restricted		Unrestricted			Total
Net income (loss)							\$	49,783	\$	49,783
Reimbursable depreciation	\$	(1,725)						1,725		-
Nonreimbursable depreciation	(9	32,294)								(932,294)
Other nonreimbursable expenses			\$	(22,678)						(22,678)
Capital contributions	5,6	594,647		16,265						5,710,912
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,7	60,628		(6,413)		-		51,508		4,805,723
Net position, beginning	17,5	584,112		46,797	8	9,040		1,238,285		18,958,234
Net position, ending	\$ 22,3	344,740	\$	40,384	\$ 8	9,040	\$	1,289,793	\$	23,763,957

#### **Restricted net position**

A reserve has been established by the Authority, restricted for the purpose of meeting the cost of extraordinary expenses of the Authority in accordance with MGL Chapter 161B Section 6(q). At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority's reserved balance was \$89,040.

#### **NOTE 7 - (Continued)**

						2021				
	ca	nvested in pital assets, net of debt	Cap	vested in ital Funded inventory	Re	estricted	U	nrestricted		Total
Net income (loss)							\$	393	\$	393
Reimbursable depreciation	\$	(1,725)						1,725		-
Nonreimbursable depreciation		(915,420)								(915,420)
Other nonreimbursable expenses			\$	(15,090)						(15,090)
Capital contributions		3,561,377		9,195						3,570,572
Increase (decrease) in net position		2,644,232		(5,895)		-		2,118		2,640,455
Net position, beginning	-	14,939,880		52,692		89,040		1,236,167	_	16,317,779
Net position, ending	\$	17,584,112	\$	46,797	\$	89,040	\$	1,238,285	\$	18,958,234

#### NOTE 8 - TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTS CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30, 2022:

- A. The Authority provided seven fixed routes with the hub being in Greenfield going to Northampton, Orange, Shelburne/Charlemont, Sunderland, and other locations within Greenfield and Montague. Only one route (Route 22) remained suspended throughout the entire operating period due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the Authority is re-evaluating reinstating that route in its current form. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the Authority contracted with Franklin Transit Management, Inc. (FTM), a wholly-owned subsidiary of First Transit, Inc., to provide this service, with direct reimbursement for expenses and a management fee paid. FTM operated twenty of the Authority's thirty-five vehicles providing regular maintenance and drivers.
- B. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority contracted with three individual taxi/livery companies on a pilot project to deliver 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> shift employment transportation. This project was operated in part by a grant from the Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC). Transportation for this project is available to residents living in Franklin County or the North Quabbin and are employed at businesses in Franklin County.
- C. Under agreement to the Authority, nine agencies, including six Councils on Aging (COA), and three private vendors, in addition to a group of volunteers, provided demand-response paratransit service to qualified elderly and disabled persons in their communities. In addition, the Authority also offers service to the general public to fill vacant seats on demand-response paratransit vehicles called the Access program. At the Advisory Board meeting in May 2022, the board voted to make the Access program permanent. Customers make fare payments to the agencies, or in some cases directly to the Authority. The agencies submitted invoices to the Authority for payment less fares. Service was available and provided in the following towns.

Ashfield	Erving	Middlefield	Russell
Bernardston	Gill	Montague	Shelburne
Blandford	Goshen	Montgomery	Shutesbury
Buckland	Granville	New Salem	Southampton
Charlemont	Greenfield	Northfield	Southwick
Chester	Hatfield	Orange	Warwick
Chesterfield	Hawley	Petersham	Wendell
Colrain	Heath	Phillipston	Westhampton
Conway	Huntington	Plainfield	Whately
Cummington	Leyden	Rowe	Worthington
Deerfield	-		

#### **NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN**

#### Plan

The Franklin Regional Retirement System (the Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for eligible employees of 37 participating employers. The Plan is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System and is governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The Plan does not have the authority to amend benefit provisions. The Plan is governed by a Retirement Board made up of five elected and appointed members.

Results of the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2022 for the Plan's measurement date of December 31, 2021.

Results of the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2020 for rolled forward to the Plan's measurement date of December 31, 2020.

#### **Accounting Policy**

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Plan Membership**

Plan membership consisted of the following at December 31:

	2021	2020
Active plan members	993	1,066
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	675	666
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	731	625
Total	2,399	2,357

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as a percentage of the member's final 3-year (5-year for members hired after April 1, 2012) average compensation times the member's years of service. The percentage is based on the age of the member at retirement and his or her Group classification. A member may retire after reaching the age of 55 and accumulating 10 years of service or after accumulating 20 years of service regardless of age. Benefits vest after 10 years of service. Cost-of-living adjustments of 3% of the first \$17,000 of annual retirement allowance are provided at the discretion of the System's Retirement Board.

#### **Contributions**

Plan members are required to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation that varies according to their membership date, as follows:

Prior to 1975: 5% of salary 1975 – 1983: 7% of salary 1984 – June 30, 1996: 8% of salary July 1, 1996 – present: 9% of salary

1979 – present: An additional 2% of salary in excess of \$30,000

Group 1 members hired on

or after April 2, 2012: 6% of salary with 30 or more years of creditable service

Employer contributions are determined in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 22D and 22F of Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The appropriation is comprised of the annual employer normal cost and amortization payments to pay the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

#### **NOTE 9 - (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.4% per year, for the year ended December 31, 2021

2.2% per year, for the year ended December 31, 2020

Salary increases: Group 1: 6% - 4.00%, based on service

Group 4: 7% - 4.50%, based on service

Investment rate of return: 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation, for the

ended December 31, 2021

7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation, for the

ended December 31, 2020

Mortality rates for the 2021 actuarial valuation was based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with full generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2020. For disabled lives, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward one year with full generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for the 2020 actuarial valuation was based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with full generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2018. For disabled lives, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward one year with full generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, are summarized in the following table:

	2	021	2	020
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
PRIT Core	40%	7%	40%	6%
Domestic Equity	32%	9%	32%	8%
International Equity	5%	7%	5%	6%
Real Estate	10%	7%	10%	6%
Fixed Income	13%	2%	13%	3%
Total	100.00%		100.00%	<u>_</u>

#### **NOTE 9 - (Continued)**

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% and 7.75% for the 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuations, respectfully. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made in accordance with Sections 22D and 22F of Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in net pension liability

				Franklin l	Regional Transit	Authority
	Franklin R	tegional Retiren	nent System		1.19% for 2021	
		100%			1.20% for 2020	_
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$205,992,101	\$157,113,481	\$ 48,878,620	\$ 2,479,230	\$ 1,890,949	\$ 588,281
Net changes	8,142,799	16,449,855	(8,307,056)	91,682	192,859	(101,177)
Balance at December 31, 2020	214,134,900	173,563,336	40,571,564	2,570,912	2,083,808	487,104
Net changes	21,046,318	31,159,799	(10,113,481)	229,207	353,671	(124,464)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$235,181,218	\$204,723,135	\$ 30,458,083	\$ 2,800,119	\$ 2,437,479	\$ 362,640

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rates of 7.25% and 7.75% for 2021 and 2020, respectively, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of December 31, 2021	\$ 675,775	\$ 362,640	\$ 97,643
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020	1% Decrease (6.75%)  \$ 769.904	Current Discount Rate (7.75%) \$ 487,104	1% Increase (8.75%) \$ 247,688

#### **Payable to Pension Plan**

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported a payable of \$-0- for outstanding amounts of contributions to the pension plan.

#### **NOTE 9 - (Continued)**

#### Pension Liabilities, Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022, the Authority reported a liability of \$362,640 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (\$487,104 at June 30, 2021). The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension relative to the projected contributions of all participating System employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Authority's proportion was 1.19% and 1.20%, respectively. Net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense are allocated to each employer based on its proportionate share of total employer contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$42,693 (\$88,988 for the year ended June 30, 2021). Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2021 were \$46,726 (\$45,750 subsequent to December 31, 2020 measurement date).

At June 30, the Authority reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2022					2021			
		red Outflow Resources		erred Inflow Resources		red Outflow Resources		erred Inflow Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	35,960	\$	4,222	\$	2,480	\$	6,837	
investment earnings on pension plan assets		38,631		314,509		77,909		188,770	
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer		87,239		-		10,390		-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		15,670		4,626		35,823		1,195	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		46,726				45,750			
Total	\$	224,226	\$	323,357	\$	172,352	\$	196,802	

Deferred outflow and inflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	20	)22	2021
2022	\$	- \$	37,208
2023		33,609	1,269
2024		(58,524)	(44,466)
2025		(32,775)	(18,461)
2026		(41,441)	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	(99,131) \$	(24,450)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. The Plan's report can be obtained by writing to Franklin Regional Retirement System, 278 Main Street, Suite 311, Greenfield, MA 01301.

#### NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Fiscal year 2023 budget

For the fiscal year 2023, the Authority has approved an operating budget of \$4,306,950, which excludes depreciation expense. This budget includes grant-matching expenditures, which the Authority is required to meet as its share of federal and state programs.

#### Federal and State funding

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. As of the date of the financial statements, the Authority is not aware of any expenditure that may be disallowed by a grantor.

### Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and workers compensation claims for which the Authority carries commercial insurance.

#### **NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASES**

#### Operating Lease Expense - Maintenance Facility

The Authority leases a maintenance and operations facility located at 382 Deerfield Street, Greenfield, Massachusetts on a month-to-month basis ending in February 2023. Total lease expense, including utilities and maintenance was \$118,255 and \$110,715 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

### Operating Lease Revenue - Franklin Regional Transit Center

The Authority, as owner and landlord, entered into an agreement to lease office and shared common space to Franklin Regional Council of Governments (FRCOG). The term of the lease is for thirty (30) years, starting July 1, 2012, with two ten year extensions. The base rent is one dollar (\$1.00) per year. The FRCOG is responsible for its share of operating and electricity costs as defined in the lease agreement. Three Advisory Board members are also council members of the FRCOG. Total rental income was \$118,286 and \$99,124 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### **NOTE 12 - FEDERAL CARES ACT FUNDING**

The Authority was awarded federal operating assistance under the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act through existing federal program 49 USC Section 5311, passed through the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. The funding is to cover eligible operating expenses and other costs, net of fare revenue, incurred as part of the Authority's response to COVID-19 beginning on or after January 20, 2020. The funding covers 100% of eligible expenses and does not require state or local matches. The full amount of the federal award is \$3,795,381. The first half of the award was made available to the Authority through September 30, 2022, in the amount of \$1,897,690. The second half of the award is expected to be made available to the Authority in fiscal year 2023.

	Contract Number	Award Amount	Funds Spent through Fiscal Year 2021	 Funds Spent in Fiscal Year 2022	Remaining Award Amount
Federal CARES Act funding passed through the Massachusetts Department of Transportation					
Federal Section 5311 (first half of award) Federal Section 5311 (second half of award)	111351 To be Awarded	\$ 1,897,690 1,897,691	\$ 377,928	\$ 601,593	\$ 918,169 1,897,691
Total		\$ 3,795,381	\$ 377,928	\$ 601,593	\$ 2,815,860

#### NOTE 13 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, for implementation in fiscal year 2022. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Authority adopted this statement in fiscal year 2022. The Authority's lease contracts (disclosed in Note 11) did not meet the criteria under GASB 87. Accordingly, this statement did not have an impact on the Authority's financial reporting in fiscal year 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, for implementation in fiscal year 2022. The statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement had no impact on the Authority's financial reporting.

The GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, for implementation in fiscal year 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. This statement had no impact on the Authority's financial reporting.

The GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of interbank offered rates*, for implementation in fiscal year 2022. The statement addresses the issue of the London Interbank Offered Rate ceasing to exist as well as addresses the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate. This statement had no impact on the Authority's financial reporting.

The GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, for implementation in fiscal year 2022. The primary objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain pension and other employee benefit plans as fiduciary component units; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans. This statement had no impact on the Authority's financial reporting.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2022

# Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Plan Year Ended December 31,							
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Franklin Regional Retirement System net pension liability	\$30,458,083	\$40,571,564	\$48,878,620	\$61,337,732	\$45,720,415	\$52,538,226	\$46,589,813	\$37,534,273
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	1.199	5 1.20%	5 1.20%	1.14%	1.06%	0.95%	0.85%	0.93%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 362,640	\$ 487,104	\$ 588,281	\$ 696,756	\$ 482,533	\$ 499,209	\$ 397,900	\$ 349,069
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 398,267	\$ 386,714	\$ 372,671	\$ 347,069	\$ 342,037	\$ 401,188	\$ 341,220	\$ 353,318
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	91.059	5 125.96%	5 157.86%	200.75%	141.08%	124.43%	116.61%	98.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87.059	6 81.05%	5 76.27%	68.98%	75.89%	70.75%	71.73%	75.98%
	Schedu	le of Authority	Pension Contr		ed December 31	•		
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Franklin Regional Retirement System contractually required contribution	\$ 7,684,976	\$ 7,268,256	\$ 6,871,971	\$ 6,506,893	\$ 6,166,761	\$ 5,875,820	\$ 5,645,345	\$ 5,888,495
Authority's contractually required contribution	91,499	87,263	82,708	73,914	65,084	55,831	48,214	53,064
Authority's contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(91,499	(87,263	(82,708)	(73,914)	(65,084)	(55,831)	(48,214)	(53,064)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 398,267	\$ 386,714	\$ 372,671	\$ 347,069	\$ 342,037	\$ 401,188	\$ 341,220	\$ 353,318
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	22.979	22.57%	22.19%	21.30%	19.03%	13.92%	14.13%	15.02%

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

Changes in economic and demographic assumptions.

Discount rate changed from 7.75% to 7.25%.

Mortality tables were updated.

Inflation rate changed from 2.2% to 2.4% .

Last 10 years: Only plan years 2014 to 2021 available.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Computation of Operating Assistance from the Federal Transit Administration Under 49 USC Section 5311 For Years Ended June 30,

	 2022		2021
Total operating expenses	\$ 4,277,207	\$	6,370,398
Interest expense	4,348		9,762
Eliminate GASB adjustment to pension expense	49,783		393
Total eligible expenses	 4,331,338		6,380,553
Revenues applied to eligible expenses:			
Fixed route income	410		7,597
Demand response income	250,416		103,183
Brokerage service income	20,000		3,376,888
Other assistance	45,760		49,935
Interest income	3,290		1,780
Advertising income	15,354		16,073
Rental income	118,286		99,124
Other income	 913		9,752
Total revenues applied to eligible expenses	 454,429		3,664,332
Net operating expenses eligible under Section 5311	3,876,909		2,716,221
Less CARES Act funding received under Section 5311 for			
100% of eligible operating expenses incurred	 601,593		276,896
Remaining operating expenses eligible under Section 5311			
subject 50% participation in eligible expenses	3,275,316		2,439,325
Federal participation in eligible expenses	 x 50%		x 50%
Maximum Section 5311 operating assistance allowed	\$ 1,637,658	\$	1,219,663
Section 5311 operating assistance sought			
(amount of maximum funding above or less)	\$ 1,291,470	\$	631,109

Note 1: The following nonreimbursable items are not included in the eligible expenses above:

- Depreciation taken on property and equipment purchased with capital grant funding.
- Expenses taken on inventory purchased with capital grant funding.
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's net pension liability.

### FRANKLIN REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY

### (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### STATEMENTS OF NET COST OF SERVICE

### For the Years Ended June 30,

	 2022	 2021
Operating costs		
Administrative costs	\$ 902,420	\$ 859,599
Purchased services		
Fixed route service	1,650,478	1,283,097
Demand response service	1,716,309	1,195,279
Brokerage service	8,000	3,032,423
Debt service	4,348	9,762
Eliminate GASB adjustment to pension expense	 49,783	 393
Total operating costs	 4,331,338	 6,380,553
Operating assistance and revenues		
Federal and other operating assistance	 1,938,823	 957,940
Revenues		
Local revenues		
Fixed route income	410	7,597
Demand response income	250,416	103,183
Brokerage service income	20,000	3,376,888
Interest income	3,290	1,780
Advertising income	15,354	16,073
Rental income	118,286	99,124
Other income	913	9,752
Total local revenues	 408,669	3,614,397
Total operating assistance and revenues	 2,347,492	 4,572,337
Net operating deficit	1,983,846	1,808,216
Increase in reserve for extraordinary expenses	-	-
Net cost of service	1,983,846	1,808,216
Net cost of service funding		
Local assessments	520,680	507,981
State contract assistance	1,463,166	1,300,235
Total funding	 1,983,846	 1,808,216
Unreimbursed deficit (surplus)	\$ _	\$ -

The following nonreimbursable items are not included in the eligible expenses above:

- Depreciation taken on property and equipment purchased with capital grant funding.
- Expenses taken on inventory purchased with capital grant funding.
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's net pension liability.

Established 1938 Audit | Tax | Advisory Gary J. Moynihan, CPA Carol J. Leibinger-Healey, CPA David M. Irwin, Jr., CPA Of Counsel: Richard F. LaFleche, CPA Vincent T. Viscuso, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Advisory Board of the **FRANKLIN REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY** 12 Olive Street, Suite 1 Greenfield, MA 01301

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Franklin Regional Transit Authority, a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Franklin Regional Transit Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 6, 2022.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Franklin Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Franklin Regional Transit Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Franklin Regional Transit Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Franklin Regional Transit Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ADELSON & COMPANY PC

Adelson + Company PC

September 6, 2022